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Nebraska Academic Standards Correlated to *Moving with Math Foundations A Grade 2*

		A1 <i>Number Sense</i> Student Book Skill Builders (SB)	A2 <i>Addition & Subtraction</i> Student Book Skill Builders (SB)	A3 <i>Fractions, Geometry & Measurement</i> Student Book Skill Builders (SB)
MA 2.1.	Students will communicate number sense concepts using multiple representations to reason, solve problems, and make connections within mathematics and across disciplines.			
MA 2.1.1	Number System			
	Students will demonstrate, represent, and show relationships among whole numbers within the base-ten number system.			
MA 2.1.1.a	Read and write numbers 0 -1,000 (e.g., count numbers from 400 - 500; write numbers from 400 - 500)	29, 45, 49, 70, 71, 72, 78 SB: 8-9, 46-1, 46-2		
MA 2.1.1.b	Count by multiples of 2 up to 100	55 SB: 10-2		
MA 2.1.1.c	Count backwards from 20 - 0	SB: 10-7		
MA 2.1.1.d	Connect number words to the quantities they represent 0 - 100	30, 45 SB: 4-1, 4-2		
MA 2.1.1.e	Demonstrate multiple equivalent representations for numbers 1 - 1,000 (e.g., 423 is 4 hundreds, 2 tens and 3 ones; 423 is 3 hundreds 12 tens and 3 ones)	75 SB: 45-2		
MA 2.1.1.f	Compare and order whole numbers 0 - 1,000	37, 48, 63 SB: 8-1, 8-2, 8-11		
MA 2.1.1.g	Demonstrate relative position of whole numbers 0 - 1,000 (e.g., 624 is between 600 and 700; 593 is greater than 539)	76		
MA 2.1.1.h	Use visual models to represent fractions of one-half as a part of a whole			62, 63 SB: 25-1

MA 2.1.2	Operations			
	Students will demonstrate the meaning of addition and subtraction with whole numbers.			
MA 2.1.2.a	Use objects, drawings, words, and symbols to explain the relationship between addition and subtraction (e.g., if $2 + 3 = 5$ then $5 - 3 = 2$)		17, 18, 31 SB: 28-3, 29-1	
MA 2.1.2.b	Use objects, drawings, words, and symbols to explain the use of subtraction to find a missing addend (e.g., if $3 + \underline{\quad} = 7$, then $7 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$)		33 SB: 28-13	
MA 2.1.3	Computation			
	Students will compute fluently and accurately using appropriate strategies and tools.			
MA 2.1.3.a	Fluently add whole number facts with sums to 20		10, 27 SB: 27-4, 27-6	
MA 2.1.3.b	Fluently subtract whole number facts with differences from 20		23, 30 SB: 29-3, 29-4	
MA 2.1.3.c	Add and subtract three-digit whole numbers with regrouping		71, 72 SB: 32-7	
MA 2.1.3.d	Use a variety of methods and tools to compute sums and differences (e.g., models, mental computation, paper-pencil)		4, 5, 9, 14, 25, 26 SB: 26-3, 26-7, 28-2, 29-2	
MA 2.1.4	Estimation			
	Students will estimate and check reasonableness of answers using appropriate strategies and tools.			
MA 2.1.4.a	Estimate the results of two-digit whole number sums and differences and check the reasonableness of such results		45, 69 SB: 39-4	
MA 2.1.4.b	Estimate the number of objects in a group	65, 66		
MA 2.2	Students will communicate geometric concepts and measurement concepts using multiple representations to reason, solve problems, and make connections within mathematics and across disciplines.			
MA2.2.1	Characteristics			

	Students will describe characteristics of two-dimensional shapes and identify three-dimensional objects.			
MA 2.2.1.a	Describe attributes of two-dimensional shapes (e.g., trapezoid, parallelogram)			3-5 SB: 13-1
MA 2.2.1.b	Determine if two shapes are congruent			10 SB: 44-1, 44-4
MA 2.2.1.c	Compare two-dimensional shapes (e.g., trapezoid, parallelogram)			3 SB: 13-1
MA 2.2.1.d	Identify solid shapes (e.g., triangular prism, rectangular prisms, cones, cylinders, pyramids, spheres)			16-18 SB: 14-1, 14-2
MA 2.2.2	Coordinate Geometry			
	Students will describe direction on a positive number line.			
MA 2.2.2.a	Identify numbers using location on a vertical number line			77 SB: 38-6
MA 2.2.2.b	Compare whole numbers using location on a horizontal number line	46		
MA 2.2.2.c	Identify the direction moved for adding and subtracting using a horizontal number line		14, 22, 24 SB: 27-2, 29-2	
MA 2.2.3	Transformations			
	Students will identify lines of symmetry.			
MA 2.2.3.a	Identify lines of symmetry in two-dimensional shapes			9
MA 2.2.3.b	Draw line of symmetry in two-dimensional shapes			SB: 43-1
MA 2.2.4	Spatial Modeling			
	Students will create two-dimensional shapes.			
MA 2.2.4.a	Sketch two-dimensional shapes (e.g., trapezoid, parallelogram)			13
MA 2.2.5	Measurement			
	Students will measure using standard units, time and money.			
MA 2.2.5.a	Count mixed coins to \$1.00			32, 34 SB: 22-4, 23-1
MA 2.2.5.b	Identify time to 5 minute intervals			26 SB: 18-3

MA 2.2.5.c	Identify and use appropriate tools for the attribute being measured (e.g., clock, calendar, thermometer, scale, ruler)			23-25, 28, 50, 52 SB: 18-8, 19-3, 19-4, 19-7
MA 2.2.5.d	Measure length using feet and yards			51
MA2.25.e	Compare and order objects using inches, feet and yards.			SB: 19-7
MA 2.3	Students will communicate algebraic concepts using multiple representations to reason, solve problems, and make connections within mathematics and across disciplines.			
MA 2.3.1	Relationships			
	Students will identify, describe, and extend relationships.			
MA 2.3.1.a	Create and describe patterns using concrete and pictorial representations	12, 17 SB: 2-1		
MA 2.3.2	Modeling in Context			
	Students will use objects, pictures, and symbols as models to represent mathematical situations.			
MA 2.3.2.a	Model situations that involve the addition and subtraction of whole numbers 0 - 100, using objects and number lines		22, 24, 49, 50, 55, 60 SB: 27-2, 32-1, 34-2, 36-1	
MA 2.3.2.b	Describe and model quantitative change involving addition (e.g., a student grew 2 inches)			15 SB: 9-11
MA 2.3.3	Procedures			
	Students will use concrete, verbal, visual, and symbolic representations to solve number sentences.			
MA 2.3.3.a	Use symbolic representations of the commutative property of addition (e.g., $2 + 3 = \underline{\quad} + 2$)		7 SB: 26-1	
MA 2.4	Students will communicate data analysis/probability concepts using multiple representations to reason, solve problems, and make connections within mathematics and across disciplines.			
MA 2.4.1	Display and Analysis			

	Students will organize, display, compare, and interpret data.			
MA 2.4.1.a	Represent data using pictographs			73
MA 2.4.1.b	Interpret data using pictographs (e.g., more; 2 less; 12 altogether)	33 SB: 38-2		73 SB: 38-8
MA 2.4.2	Predictions and Inferences			
	Mastery not expected at this level.			
MA 2.4.3	Probability			
	Mastery not expected at this level.			