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NEVADA MATHEMATICS STANDARDS CORRELATED TO MOVING WITH MATH® EXTENSIONS GRADE 4

	LXTLIVSIONS GIVADL		
		Student Book	Skill Builders
1.0	NUMBER, NUMBER SENSE, AND COMPUTATION	Student book	Skiii Duliders
1.0	Students will accurately calculate and use estimation		
	techniques, number relationships, operation rules, and		
	algorithms; they will determine the reasonableness of		
	answers and the accuracy of solutions to solve problems,		
	communicate, reason, and make connections within and		
	beyond the field of mathematics.		
	Place Value		
1.4.1	Identify and use place value positions of whole numbers to		1-1, 6-1
	one million.		,
	Fractions		
1.4.2	Identify fractions and compare fractions with like	45-48	30-1, 31-1, 32-1
	denominators using models, drawings, and numbers.		
	Comparing and Ordering		
1.4.3	Read, write, compare and order whole numbers.	5, 7	2-1
•	Read and write number words.	7	4-1, 5-1
	Counting		
1.4.4	Count by multiples of a given number.	8, 25	
	•		
•	Explain relationships between skip counting, repeated	8 (T.G.), 25	
	addition, and multiples.		
	Facts		
1.4.5	Immediately recall and use multiplication and corresponding division facts (products to 144).	25, 27, 28, 38	20-3, 25-1, 25-3
	Cationation and Cationation Chartonia		
1 4 6	Estimating and Estimation Strategies Estimate to determine the reasonableness of an answer in	34	
1.7.0	mathematical and practical situations.		
	mathematical and practical situations.		
	Computation		
1.4.7	Add and subtract multi-digit numbers.	13, 15-20	10-1, 11-1, 12-1, 15-1, 15-2
•	Multiply and divide multi-digit numbers by a one-digit whole	28-33, 40-43	21-1, 21-2, 26-1,
	number with regrouping, including monetary amounts as decimals		27-1, 27-2, 47-3

		Student Book	Skill Builders
	Solving Problems and Number Theory		
1.4.8	Generate and solve addition, subtraction, multiplication and division problems using whole numbers in practical situations.	33, 36, 44	48-1, 49-1, 49-2
2.0	PATTERNS, FUNCTIONS AND ALGEBRA		
	Students will use various algebraic methods to analyze, illustrate, extend, and create numerous representations (words, numbers, tables, and graphs) of patterns, functions, and algebraic relations as modeled in practical situations to solve problems, communicate, reason, and make connections within and beyond the field of mathematics.		
2 4 1	Patterns Identify describe and represent patterns and relationships in	3	3-1
۷. 4 . ۱	Identify, describe, and represent patterns and relationships in the number system, including arithmetic and geometric sequences.	5	3-1
	Variables and Unknown		
2.4.2	Model, explain, and solve open number sentences involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.	11, 12	25-2, 49-2
•	Select the solution to an equation from a given set of numbers.		
	Number sentences, Expressions, and Polynomials		
2.4.3	Complete number sentences with the appropriate words and symbols $(+, -, x, \div, >, <, =)$.	5	2-1, 49-3
3.0	MEASUREMENT		
	Students will use appropriate tools and techniques of measurement to determine, estimate, record, and verify direct and indirect measurements to solve problems, communicate, reason, and make connections within and beyond the field of mathematics. Comparison, Estimation and Conversion		
3.4.1	Estimate and convert units of measure for length, area, and weight within the same measurement system (customary and metric).	58, 59	44-1, 45-1
•	Estimate temperature in practical situations.		
212	Precision in Measurements Measure length, area, temperature, and weight to a required	57-59	43-1
3.4.2	degree of accuracy in customary and metric systems.	37-39	43-1
	Formulas		
3.4.3	Define and determine the perimeter of polygons and the area of rectangles, including squares.	60-62	46-1, 46-2
	Money		
	1-101103	1	

		Student Book	Skill Builders
3.4.4	Determine totals for monetary amounts in practical situations.		47-2
•	Use money notation to add and subtract given monetary amounts.	24	47-1
	Time		
346	Time Use A.M. and P.M. appropriately in describing time.		
3. 1.0	ose this and this appropriately in describing time.		
•	Use elapsed time in quarter-hour increments, beginning on the quarter-hour, to determine start, end, and elapsed time.	56	41-2
•	Recognize the number of weeks in a year, days in a year, and days in a month.		
4.0	SPATIAL RELATIONSHIPS, GEOMETRY AND LOGIC		
	Students will identify, represent, verify, and apply spatial		
	relationships and geometric properties to solve problems,		
	communicate, and make connections within and beyond the field of mathematics.		
	Two-Dimensional Shapes		
4.4.1	Identify, draw, and classify angles, including straight, right, obtuse, and acute.		
	Congruence, Similarity, and Transformations		
4.4.2	Identify shapes that are congruent, similar, and/or	54	38-1, 39-1
	symmetrical using a variety of methods including		
	transformational motions.		
	Coordinate Geometry and Lines of Symmetry		
4.4.3	Identify coordinates for a given point in the first quadrant.		50-5
•	Locate points of given coordinates on a grid in the first		50-5
	quadrant.		
	Three-Dimensional Figures		
4.4.4	Identify, describe, and classify two- and three-dimensional		39-1, 40-1
	figures by relevant properties including the number of		
	vertices, edges, and faces using models.		
	Lines Angles and Their Drementies		
110	Lines, Angles, and Their Properties	51 52	25 1
4.4.6	Identify, draw, label, and describe points, line segments, rays, and angles.	51, 52	35-1
	Logic		
4.4.9	Use the connectors and, or, and not to describe the members of a set.		
	DATA ANALYSIS		
5.0	DATA ANALYSIS		

		Student Book	Skill Builders
	Students will collect, organize, display, interpret, and analyze		
	data to determine statistical relationships and probability projections to solve problems, communicate, reason, and		
	make connections within and beyond the field of		
	mathematics		
5 <i>4</i> 1	Data Collection and Organization Pose questions that can be used to guide the collection of	63	50-1
J.T.1	categorical and numerical data.		30-1
•	Organize and represent data using a variety of graphical representations including frequency tables and line plots.	63	50-1
	Central Tendency and Data Distribution		
5.4.2	Model and compute range.		
•	Model the measures of central tendency for mode and median.		50-6
	Interpretation of Data		
5.4.3	Interpret data and make predictions using frequency tables and line plots.		
	Experimental and Theoretical Probability		
5.4.5	Conduct simple probability experiments using concrete materials.		50-4
•	Represent the results of simple probability experiments as		50-7
	fractions to make predictions about future events.		
	PROBLEM SOLVING		
	Students will develop their ability to solve problems by		
	engaging in developmentally appropriate opportunities where there is a need to use various approaches to investigate and understand mathematical concepts in order to:		
	- Formulate their own problems		
	- find solutions to problems from everyday situations		
	- Develop and apply strategies to solve a variety of problems		
	- Integrate mathematical reasoning, communication and connections		
•	Generalize and apply previous experiences and strategies to new problem solving situations.	39	
•	Determine an efficient strategy, verify, interpret, and evaluate the results with respect to the original problem.	21	
•	Try more than one strategy when the first strategy proves to be unproductive	33 (T.G.)	
•	Interpret and solve a variety of mathematical problems by paraphrasing	21	
•	Identify necessary and extraneous information.	33 (T.G.)	
•	Check the reasonableness of a solution.	21 (T.G.)	

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	Use technology, including calculators, to develop		
	mathematical concepts.		
	MATHEMATICAL COMMUNICATIONS		
	MATHEMATICAL COMMUNICATIONS Students will develop their ability to communicate		
	mathematically by solving problems where there is a need to		
	obtain information from the real world through reading,		
	listening, and observing in order to:		
	- Translate information into mathematical language and		
	symbols		
	- Process information mathematically		
	- Present results in written, oral, and visual formats		
	- Discuss and exchange ideas about mathematics as a part of		
	learning		
	- Read a variety of fiction and nonfiction texts to learn about		
	mathematics		
	- Use mathematical notation to communicate and explain		
	problems		
	Use inquiry techniques to solve mathematical problems.	throughout	
	Use a variety of methods to represent and communicate	throughout	
	mathematical ideas through oral, verbal, and written formats.		
	Islandiffer and two policies have used and physics that involve	2C (T C)	141 101 24
	Identify and translate key words and phrases that imply mathematical operations.	36 (T.G.)	14-1, 19-1, 24 29-1
		Alexander A	29-1
	Use everyday language, both orally and in writing, to	throughout	
	communicate strategies and solutions to mathematical problems.		
	problems.		
	MATHEMATICAL REASONING		
	Students will develop their ability to reason mathematically		
	by solving problems where there is a need to investigate		
	mathematical ideas and construct their own learning in all		
	content areas in order to;		
	- Reinforce and extend their logical reasoning abilities		
	- Reflect on, clarify, and justify their thinking		
	- Ask questions to extend their thinking		
	- Use patterns and relationships to analyze mathematical		
	situations.		
	- Determine relevant, irrelevant, and/or sufficient information		
	to solve mathematical problems		
	Draw logical conclusions about mathematical problems.		
	Follow a logical argument and judge its validity.		
_	Review and refine the assumptions and steps used to derive		
	conclusions in mathematical arguments.		

		Student Book	Skill Builders
•	Justify and explain the solutions to problems using manipulatives and physical models.	throughout	
	MATHEMATICAL CONNECTIONS		
	Students will develop the ability to make mathematical connections by solving problems where there is a need to view mathematics as an integrated whole in order to:		
	- Link new concepts to prior knowledge		
	- Identify relationships between content strands		
	- Integrate mathematics with other disciplines		
	- Allow the flexibility to approach problems in a variety of ways within and beyond the field of mathematics		
•	Use mathematical ideas from one area of mathematics to explain an idea from another area of mathematics	39, 41	
•	Use physical models to explain the relationship between concepts and procedures.	32	
•	Apply mathematical thinking and modeling to solve problems that arise in other disciplines, such as rhythm in music and motion in science.	44	
•	Identify, explain, and use mathematics in everyday life.	33, 36, 44	