



# Math Teachers Press, Inc.

4850 Park Glen Road, Minneapolis, MN 55416  
 phone (800) 852-2435 fax (952) 546-7502

Dec. 05

## MARYLAND MATHEMATICS VOLUNTARY CURRICULUM CORRELATED TO *MOVING WITH MATH®-MATH-BY-TOPIC GRADE 4 (LEVEL B)*

	Student Book	Skill Builders
<b>STANDARD 1: KNOWLEDGE OF ALGEBRA, PATTERNS, AND FUNCTIONS</b>		
Students will algebraically represent, model, analyze, or solve mathematical or real-world problems involving patterns or functional relationships		
<b>A. Patterns and Functions</b>		
<b>1. Identify, describe, extend, and create numeric patterns and functions</b>		
a) Represent and analyze numeric patterns using skip counting <b>•Assessment limit:</b> Use patterns of 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 or 9 starting with any whole number (0 - 100)	<b>BI:</b> 12, 14-16	3-1
b) Create a one-operation (+ or -) function table to solve a real-world problem		
c) Complete a function table using a one-operation (+, -, x, ÷ with no remainders) rule <b>•Assessment limit:</b> Use whole numbers (0-50)	<b>BI:</b> 13	
d) Describe the relationship that generates a one-operation rule	<b>BI:</b> 13	
<b>2. Identify, describe, extend, analyze, and create a non-numeric growing or repeating pattern</b>		
a) Generate a rule for the next level of the growing pattern <b>•Assessment limit:</b> Use at least 3 levels but no more than 5 levels		
b) Generate a rule for a repeating pattern <b>•Assessment limit:</b> Use no more than 4 objects in the core of the pattern		
c) Create a non-numeric growing or repeating pattern		
<b>B. Expressions, Equations, and Inequalities</b>		
<b>1. Write and identify expressions</b>		
a) Represent numeric quantities using operational symbols (+, -, x, ÷ with no remainders) <b>•Assessment limit:</b> Use whole numbers (0 - 100)	<b>BI:</b> 39, 40 <b>BIII:</b> 8	9-2

	Student Book	Skill Builders
b) Determine equivalent expressions ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use whole numbers (0 - 100)	BI: 39, 40 BII: 8	9-2
<b>2. Identify, write, solve, and apply equations and inequalities</b>		
a) Represent relationships using relational symbols ( $>$ , $<$ , $=$ ) and operational symbols ( $+$ , $-$ , $\times$ , $\div$ ) on either side ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use operational symbols ( $+$ , $-$ , $\times$ ) and whole numbers (0 - 200)	BI: 11 BII: 77 BIII: 16-18	
b) Find the unknown in an equation with one operation ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use multiplication ( $\times$ ) and whole numbers (0 - 81)	BI: 39 BII: 37, 50, 77	9-2
<b>C. Numeric and Graphic Representations of Relationships</b>		
<b>1. Locate points on a number line and in a coordinate grid</b>		
a) Represent mixed numbers and proper fractions on a number line ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use proper fractions with a denominators of 6, 8, or 10		
b) Identify positions in a coordinate plane ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use the first quadrant and ordered pairs of whole numbers (0 - 20)	BII: 14, 78	
c) Represent decimals on a number line		
<b>STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF GEOMETRY</b>		
Students will apply the properties of one-, two-, or three-dimensional geometric figures to describe, reason, or solve problems about shape, size, position, or motion of objects		
<b>A. Plane Geometric Figures</b>		
<b>1. Analyze the properties of plane geometric figures</b>		
a) Identify properties of angles using manipulatives and pictures	BIII: 34	
b) Identify, compare, classify and describe angles in relationship to another angle ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use acute, right, or obtuse angles		
c) Identify parallel and intersecting line segments	BIII: 32, 35, 36	35-1, 36-1, 37-1
<b>B. Solid Geometric Figures</b>		
<b>1. Analyze the properties of solid geometric figures</b>		
a) Identify cones, cylinders, prisms, and pyramids ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use cones or cylinders	BIII: 40, 41	40-1

	Student Book	Skill Builders
b) Describe solid geometric figures by the number of edges, faces, or vertices ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use triangular pyramids, rectangular pyramids, triangular prisms, or rectangular prisms	<b>BIII:</b> 33, 34, 37	
<b>2. Analyze the relationship between plane geometric figures and surfaces of solid geometric figures</b>		
a) Compare a plane figure to surfaces of solid geometric figure ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Analyze or identify the number or arrangement of squares needed to make a cube and triangle/rectangles need to make a triangular pyramid or rectangular pyramid	<b>BIII:</b> 41	
<b>C. Representation of Geometric Figures</b>		
<b>1. Represent plane geometric figures</b>		
a) Sketch acute, right, obtuse angles, and parallel and intersecting line segments	<b>BIII:</b> 33, 34, 37	35-2, 37-1
<b>D. Congruence</b>		
<b>1. Analyze geometric figures</b>		
a) Identify and describe geometric figures as congruent ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Identify the result in a transformation as being congruent to the original figure	<b>BIII:</b> 39	39-1
<b>E. Transformations</b>		
<b>1. Analyze a transformation</b>		
a) Identify and describe the results of translations, reflections, and rotations ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use a horizontal line translation, reflection over a vertical line, or rotation of 90° clockwise around a given point of a geometric figure or picture		
<b>STANDARD 3: KNOWLEDGE OF MEASUREMENT</b>		
<b>Students will identify attributes, units, or systems of measurements or apply a variety of techniques, formulas, tools or technology for determining measurements</b>		
<b>A. Measurement Units</b>		
<b>1. Read customary and metric measurement units</b>		
a) Estimate and determine length and height ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use the nearest millimeter or 1/4 inch	<b>BIII:</b> 48-50, 52, 56, 57	43-1 to 43-4, 45-1
b) Estimate and determine weight or mass	<b>BIII:</b> 46, 54, 59	42-2, 45-2
c) Estimate and determine capacity	<b>BIII:</b> 53, 58	44-2, 45-2

	Student Book	Skill Builders
<b>B. Measurement Tools</b>		
<b>1. Measure in customary and metric units</b>		
a) Select and use appropriate tools and units ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use the nearest millimeter or 1/4 inch with a ruler	<b>Bill:</b> 48-50	43-1 to 43-4, 45-1
<b>2. Compare right angles to a corner</b>		
<b>C. Applications in Measurement</b>		
<b>1. Apply measurement concepts</b>		
a) Determine perimeter ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use polygons with no more than 6 sides given the length of the sides in whole numbers (0 - 100)	<b>Bill:</b> 61-64, 67	46-1, 46-2
b) Determine area ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use rectangles with the length of the sides in whole numbers (0 - 100)	<b>Bill:</b> 65-67	
c) Determine start time, elapsed time and end time ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use hour and half hour intervals	<b>Bill:</b> 44, 45	41-1 to 41-3
<b>2 Calculate equivalent measurements</b>		
a) Determine equivalent units of length ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use 36 inches = 1 yard and whole numbers (0 - 100)	<b>Bill:</b> 51, 54, 55, 57	44-1
b) Determine equivalent units of time		
c) Determine equivalent units of capacity and weight within the same system	<b>Bill:</b> 53, 54, 58, 59	44-2, 45-2
<b>STANDARD 4: KNOWLEDGE OF STATISTICS</b>		
<b>Students will collect organize, display, analyze, or interpret data to make decisions or predictions</b>		
<b>A. Data Displays</b>		
<b>1. Collect, organize, and display data</b>		
a) Collect data by conducting surveys to answer a question		
b) Organize and display data in line plots and frequency tables using a variety of categories and sets of data ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use line plots with no more than 20 pieces of unorganized data and a range of no more than 10 and whole numbers (0 - 100)	<b>Bill:</b> 72-74	29-2, 50-2, 50-5
<b>B. Data Analysis</b>		
<b>1. Analyze data</b>		

	Student Book	Skill Builders
a) Interpret line plots ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use no more than 20 pieces of data with a range no more than 10 and whole numbers (0 - 100)		
b) Interpret line graphs ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use the x-axis representing no more than 6 time intervals, the y-axis consisting of no more than 10 intervals with scales as factors of 100 using whole numbers (0 - 100)		
<b>2. Describe a set of data</b>		
a) Determine median, mode, and range ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use no more than 8 pieces of data and whole numbers (0 - 100)		
b) Model the mean of a set of data		
<b>STANDARD 5: KNOWLEDGE OF PROBABILITY</b>		
Students will use experimental methods or theoretical reasoning to determine probabilities to make predictions or solve problems about events whose outcomes involve random variation		
<b>B. Theoretical Probability</b>		
<b>1. Determine the probability of one simple event comprised of equally likely outcomes</b>		
a) Express the probability as a fraction ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use a sample space of no more than 6 outcomes	<b>BI:</b> 16 <b>BIII:</b> 77-79	50-3, 50-4
<b>STANDARD 6: KNOWLEDGE OF NUMBER RELATIONSHIPS AND COMPUTATION/ARITHMETIC</b>		
Students will describe, represent, or apply numbers or their relationships or will estimate or compute using mental strategies, paper/pencil or technology		
<b>A. Knowledge of Number and place value</b>		
<b>1. Apply knowledge of whole numbers and place value</b>		
a) Read, write, and represent whole numbers using symbols, words, and models ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use whole numbers (0-1,000,000)	<b>BI:</b> 26, 27, 32, 33	4-1, 4-2, 5-1, 6-6
b) Express whole numbers in expanded form ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use whole numbers (0 - 1,000,000)	<b>BI:</b> 8, 19, 21	6-2, 6-3
c) Identify the place value of a digit in a number ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use whole numbers (0 - 1,000,000)	<b>BI:</b> 3-7, 9,1 8-20, 28, 29	1-1 to 1-3, 6-1, 6-4, 6-5
d) Compare, order, and describe whole numbers ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use no more than 4 whole numbers with or without using the symbols (<, >, =) and whole numbers (0 - 1,000,000)	<b>BI:</b> 10-12, 22-25, 30, 31	2-1 to 2-4

	Student Book	Skill Builders
<b>2. Apply knowledge of fractions and decimals</b>		
a) Read, write, and represent proper fractions of a single region using symbols, words, and models ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use denominators 6, 8, 10	<b>BIII:</b> 3-9	30-3, 32-1
b) Read, write, and represent proper fractions of a set which has the same number of items as the denominator using symbols, words, and models ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use denominators of 6, 8, 10 with sets of 6, 8, and 10 respectively	<b>BIII:</b> 10-14	31-1, 31-2
c) Find equivalent fractions	<b>BIII:</b> 16, 18, 22-24	30-2, 32-2
d) Read, write, and represent mixed numbers using symbols, words, and models	<b>BIII:</b> 26-29	
e) Read, write, and represent decimals using symbols, words and models ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use no more than 2 decimal places and numbers (0 - 100)	<b>BIII:</b> 33	
f) Express decimals in expanded form ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use no more than 2 decimal places and numbers (0 - 100)		
g) Compare and order fractions and mixed numbers with or without using the symbols (<, >, =) ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use like denominators and no more than 3 numbers (0 - 20)	<b>BIII:</b> 15-18	32-3
h) Compare, order, and describe decimals with or without using the symbols (<, >, =) ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use no more than 3 decimals with no more than 2 decimal places and numbers (0 - 100)		
<b>3. Apply knowledge of money</b>		
a) Compare the value of sets of mixed currency ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use 2 sets of mixed currency and money (\$0 - \$100)	<b>BIII:</b> 28, 33, 45 <b>BIII:</b> 68-70	47-1
b) Determine the change from \$100	<b>BIII:</b> 70	47-2
<b>B. Number Theory</b>		
<b>1. Apply number relationships</b>		
a) Identify and use divisibility rules ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use the rules for 2, 5, or 10 with whole numbers (0 - 100)		
b) Identify factors ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use whole numbers (0 - 24)		
c) Identify multiples ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use the first 5 multiples of any single digit whole number	<b>BIII:</b> 12	

	Student Book	Skill Builders
<b>C. Number Computation</b>		
<b>1. Analyze number relations and compute</b>		
a) Add whole numbers ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use up to 3 addends with no more than 4 digits in each addend and whole numbers (0 - 10,000)	<b>BI:</b> 43-54, 63	9-1, 9-2, 10-1 to 10-4, 10-6, 10-7, 11-1, 12-1 to 12-3, 13-1, 13-2, 14-1, 18-1
b) Subtract whole numbers ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use a minuend and subtrahend with no more than 4 digits in each and whole numbers (0 - 999)	<b>BI:</b> 55-63, 76-79	10-6, 15-1 to 15-4, 16-1, 16-2, 17-1 to 17-3, 18-1, 18-2, 19-1
c) Multiply whole numbers ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use a one 1-digit factor by up to a 3-digit factor using whole numbers (0 - 1000)	<b>BII:</b> 2-13, 15, 18-36, 38-40	20-1 to 20-7, 21-1 to 21-,8, 22-1,22-2, 23-1 to 23-3, 24-1, 25-2, 25-4
d) Divide whole numbers ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use up to a 3-digit dividend by a 1-digit divisor and whole numbers with no remainders (0 - 999)	<b>BII:</b> 41-44, 46-53, 56, 62-69, 71-73, 75	25-1 to 15-9, 26-1 to 26-4, 27-1 to 27-5, 28-2, 29-1
e) Add and subtract proper fractions and mixed numbers ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use 2 proper fractions with a single digit like denominators, 2 mixed numbers with single digit like denominators, or a whole number and a proper fraction with a single digit denominator and numbers (0 - 20)	<b>BIII:</b> 19-22, 25-27	33-1 to 33-4, 34-1 to 34-4
f) Add 2 decimals ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use the same number of decimal places but no more than 2 decimal places and no more than 4 digits including monetary notation and numbers (0 - 100)	<b>BIII:</b> 68	
g) Subtract decimals ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use the same number of decimal places but no more than 2 decimal places and no more than 4 digits including monetary notation and numbers (0-100)	<b>BIII:</b> 68	
<b>2. Estimation</b>		
a) Determine the approximate sum and difference of 2 numbers ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use no more than 2 decimal places in each and numbers (0 - 100)	<b>BI:</b> 34-38, 70-72	7-1, 7-2, 8-1, 8-2
b) Determine the approximate product or quotient of 2 numbers ● <b>Assessment limit:</b> Use a 1-digit factor with the other factor having no more than 2-digits or a 1-digit divisor and no more than a 2-digit dividend and whole numbers (0 - 1000)	<b>BI:</b> 34-38, 70 <b>BII:</b> 59-61, 74	28-1, 28-3

	Student Book	Skill Builders
<b>STANDARD 7: PROCESSES OF MATHEMATICS</b>		
Students demonstrate the processes of mathematics by making connections and applying reasoning to solve problems and to communicate their findings.		
<b>A. Problem Solving</b>		
<b>1. Apply a variety of concepts, processes, and skills to solve problems</b>		
a) Identify the question in the problem	<b>BI:</b> 24, 51, 64-69, 73-75 <b>BII:</b> 16, 17, 28, 37, 45, 47, 53-55, 57-59, 61, 70, 74, 76, 77, 79 <b>BIII:</b> 60, 71	10-5, 15-5 to 15-7, 29-3, 34-5, 48-1, 48-2, 49-1 to 49-7
b) Decide if enough information is present to solve the problem	<b>BI:</b> 24, 51, 64-69, 73-75 <b>BII:</b> 16, 17, 28, 37, 45, 47, 53-55, 57-59, 61, 70, 74, 76, 77, 79 <b>BIII:</b> 60, 71	10-5, 15-5 to 15-7, 29-3, 34-5, 48-1, 48-2, 49-1 to 49-7
c) Make a plan to solve a problem	<b>BI:</b> 24, 51, 64-69, 73-75 <b>BII:</b> 16, 17, 28, 37, 45, 47, 53-55, 57-59, 61, 70, 74, 76, 77, 79 <b>BIII:</b> 60, 71	10-5, 15-5 to 15-7, 29-3, 34-5, 48-1, 48-2, 49-1 to 49-7
d) Apply a strategy, i.e., draw a picture, guess and check, finding a pattern, writing an equation	<b>BI:</b> 24, 51, 64-69, 73-75 <b>BII:</b> 16, 17, 28, 37, 45, 47, 53-55, 57-59, 61, 70, 74, 76, 77, 79 <b>BIII:</b> 60, 71	10-5, 15-5 to 15-7, 29-3, 34-5, 48-1, 48-2, 49-1 to 49-7
e) Select a strategy, i.e., draw a picture, guess and check, finding a pattern, writing an equation	<b>BI:</b> 24, 51, 64-69, 73-75 <b>BII:</b> 16, 17, 28, 37, 45, 47, 53-55, 57-59, 61, 70, 74, 76, 77, 79 <b>BIII:</b> 60, 71	10-5, 15-5 to 15-7, 29-3, 34-5, 48-1, 48-2, 49-1 to 49-7



		<b>Student Book</b>	<b>Skill Builders</b>
f)	Identify alternative ways to solve a problem	<b>BI:</b> 24, 51, 64-69, 73-75 <b>BII:</b> 16, 17, 28, 37, 45, 47, 53-55, 57-59, 61, 70, 74, 76, 77, 79 <b>BIII:</b> 60.71	10-5,15-5,6,7,29-3,34-5,48-1,2,49-1,2,3,4,5,6,7
g)	Show that a problem might have multiple solutions or no solution		
h)	Extend the solution of a problem to a new problem situation	<b>BI:</b> 39 <b>BII:</b> 51	
<b>B. Reasoning</b>			
<b>1. Justify ideas or solutions with mathematical concepts or proofs</b>			
a)	Use inductive or deductive reasoning	<b>BI:</b> 17 <b>BII:</b> 16, 77	
b)	Make or test generalizations	<b>BI:</b> 39 <b>BIII:</b> 22-23	
c)	Support or refute mathematical statements or solutions	<b>BI:</b> 39-40	
d)	Use methods of proof, i.e., direct, indirect, paragraph, or contradiction		
<b>C. Communication</b>			
<b>1. Present mathematical ideas using words, symbols, visual displays, or technology</b>			
a)	Use multiple representations to express concepts or solutions	<b>BI:</b> 36 <b>BII:</b> 7, 54	
b)	Express mathematical ideas orally	<b>BII:</b> 79	
c)	Explain mathematical ideas in written form	<b>BI:</b> 39-40	
d)	Express solutions using concrete materials	<b>BI:</b> 18-21 <b>BII:</b> 7, 17	
e)	Express solutions using pictorial, tabular, graphical, or algebraic methods	<b>BI:</b> 36 <b>BII:</b> 9, 15 <b>BIII:</b> 4	
f)	Explain solutions in written form	<b>BI:</b> 39-40	
g)	Ask questions about mathematical ideas or problems	<b>BI:</b> 24 <b>BII:</b> 79 <b>BIII:</b> 11	
h)	Give or use feedback to revise mathematical thinking	pre/post tests	
<b>D. Connections</b>			

		Student Book	Skill Builders
<b>1. Relate or apply mathematics within the discipline, to other disciplines, and to life</b>			
a) Identify mathematical concepts in relationship to other mathematical concepts		<b>BI:</b> 14-15 <b>BII:</b> 3-4, 44, 46	
b) Identify mathematical concepts in relationship to other disciplines		<b>BI:</b> 75 <b>BII:</b> 14 <b>BIII:</b> 67	
c) Identify mathematical concepts in relationship to life		<b>BI:</b> 51 <b>BII:</b> 19, 28, 33 <b>BIII:</b> 36, 40, 52, 65	
d) Use the relationship among mathematical concepts to learn other mathematical concepts		<b>BI:</b> 11 <b>BII:</b> 26 <b>BIII:</b> 28	
	<b>BI: <i>Numeration, Addition &amp; Subtraction</i></b>		
	<b>BII: <i>Multiplication &amp; Division</i></b>		
	<b>BIII: <i>Fractions, Geometry &amp; Measurement</i></b>		